

Public & Legal Notices

Bagley Senior Center Menu

April 28-May 2

Monday: Salisbury steak, baked potato, beets and fruit cup

Tuesday: Baked chicken, mashed potato with gravy, broccoli and cheesecake

Wednesday: Scalloped potatoes with ham, carrots and ice cream

Thursday:

Friday:

Milk and Bread included with meals.

Meals are subject to change.

Reservations by 10 am

Meals Served at 11:30 am

Call Kay 9:30-1:00

Mon-Fri 694-6873

Suggested Donation for Seniors is \$6.00.
Under 60 is \$10.00

ENGINEERING OPERATIONS MANAGER CLEARWATER COUNTY HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

Clearwater County Highway Department is seeking a highly motivated individual to join our team. Under the direction of the County Engineer, the Engineering Operations Manager is responsible for engaging in and managing the daily operations of the engineering team to survey, design, permit, right-of-way acquisition, and monitor the construction of civil engineering projects for roads, ditches, and bridges to assure compliance with standard specifications and conformance with state, federal and other agency requirements, regulations, and standards.

The minimum qualifications are for completion of a two-year college or vocational civil engineering curriculum, and over four years' experience related to civil engineering in surveying, design, and inspection of civil engineering projects. Class D driver's license is required and the ability to obtain MnDOT inspection certifications if you do not already have them.

Salary Range: \$40.93 to \$52.52/hour depending on qualifications. Clearwater County offers benefits including health, dental, vision, and life insurances, as well as paid holidays, vacation, and sick leave. Further information regarding benefits is available by calling Niki Broten at 218-694-1171.

Applications are available at the Clearwater County Highway Department Office, 113 7th St. NE, Bagley, MN 56621 (218) 694-6132, or from our County website at www.co.clearwater.mn.us. Applications will be received until May 7, 2025 or until filled.

Clearwater County is an Equal Opportunity Employer

Public Notices are always free to view on our website at farmersindependent.com

Advertise in the classifieds!

Clear the clutter from your basement, garage or storage shed and make some \$\$.

Contact Robin at
(218) 694-6265
or ads@farmersindependent.com

LAMINATING

Do you need a sign or ID card that needs to last!
Our new laminator is fast!

PHOTO PRINTING

Have an old photo you want to copy? Bring it in!
Farmers Independent

Naytahwaush Community Charter Schools

Request Proposal for 2025-2026 Daily Cleaning Services

Naytahwaush Community Charter Schools is seeking proposals for 2025-26 daily cleaning services. NCCS is a 26,000 square foot facility, serving approximately 130 students and 50 staff grades K-6.

Proposals are due May 7, 2025. Please contact Nicole Jesness at 218-936-9420 or nicolej@ntwschool.org for a list of expectations for services and proposals.

Naytahwaush Community Charter School
Independent School District 4155
P.O. Box 242 Church Street
Naytahwaush, MN 56566
Phone: 218-935-5025 Fax: 218-935-5263
www.ntwschool.org

Naytahwaush Community Charter Schools Request Proposal for Summer Deep Cleaning

Naytahwaush Community Charter Schools is seeking proposals for thorough summer deep cleaning services including carpet cleaning. NCCS is a 26,000 square foot facility, serving approximately 130 students and 50 staff grades K-6.

Proposals are due May 7, 2025. Please contact Nicole Jesness at 218-936-9420 or nicolej@ntwschool.org for a list of expectations for services and proposals.

Naytahwaush Community Charter School
Independent School District 4155
P.O. Box 242 Church Street
Naytahwaush, MN 56566
Phone: 218-935-5025 Fax: 218-935-5263
www.ntwschool.org

More photos from the presentation "Soldiers of the American Revolution"



NOTICE

For Seniors

Senior Transportation Service

Clearwater County residents who are 60 & over. Rides are scheduled Monday-Friday. 24-hour notice required. Call 218-888-2320 to schedule.

**This project is made possible in part under the Federal Older Americans Act through an award from the Land of the Dancing Sky Area Agency on Aging under an Area Plan approved by the Minnesota Board on Aging.

Bagley Schools Menu

April 28-May 2

Monday: Chili cheese Fritos, corn and pears

Tuesday: Sub sandwich, Sunchips, fresh veggies and mandarin oranges

Wednesday: Diced chicken, mashed potatoes, gravy, peaches and bread

Thursday:

Friday:

Breakfast -

Monday: Breakfast rounds, fruit and/or juice

Tuesday: Cereal and WG item, fruit and/or juice

Wednesday: Muffin, yogurt, fruit and/or juice

Thursday:

Friday:

Bemidji DAV Van

The Bemidji DAV Van runs through Shevlin, Bagley, Fosston, Clearbrook, and Leonard at no cost to Veterans 5 days a week except on holidays.

Dates Not Running: May 29th, June 19th, July 4th, September 4th, October 9th, November 10 & 23, and December 25th.

Call 855-277-9787 for your free ride. Clearwater CVSO has our schedules with names and numbers.

Please call Saddoris at 218-209-1863 for questions.

Clearwater County Food Shelf Hours

Clearwater County Food Shelf is open every Wednesday from 10 a.m.-2:00 p.m. in the basement of the Bagley American Legion (go to the back door).

Monetary contributions can be mailed to Clearwater County Food Shelf, PO Box 578, Bagley, MN 56621.

Food donations can be dropped off at the Food Shelf on Wednesdays.

Veterans

Are welcome to join their peers at the D&R Café in Bagley on Wednesday mornings at 9 a.m. for coffee and a chat.

SEMI-ANNUAL AMISH COMMUNITY QUILT AND CONSIGNMENT AUCTION

LOCATED AT THE: SIMON BURKHOLDER RESIDENCE

12575 490th St., Gonvick, MN 56644

From Gonvick: 2 miles South on County 7 to 490th St. West 1/4 mile, 1st left.

SALE ORDER:

9:00 Misc. on outside
9:15 2nd ring, starting under tent with jams, jellies, canning items and plants
12:00 Sharp Quilts start selling

- 2 RINGS SELLING AT SAME TIME -

- QUILTS -

THE QUILTS CONSIGNING ARE HAND-STITCHED and BEAUTIFUL! WE ARE EXPECTING 150 TO 200 QUILTS BY SALE DATE.

Among the top quality quilts are: CATHEDRAL WINDOW

*Log cabins in various colors *Plain tops *Blue Shadow *Trip Around the World *Queen size starburst quilt *Cross-stitch in various colors *Improved Lone Star quilt

- MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS -

We will be selling: Quilts, Crafts, New & Used Furniture, Antiques, Collectibles, Farm Machinery, Sporting Goods

A BIG VARIETY OF USED HAND & POWER TOOLS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION

WE ARE TAKING QUALITY CONSIGNMENTS UNTIL SALE TIME, SO THERE WILL BE MANY, MANY MORE ITEMS NOT LISTED!

NO JUNK ITEMS, PLEASE!

NO APPLIANCES!

- SCHOOL-AUCTION -

CALL FOR INFORMATION TO CONSIGN ITEMS OR QUESTIONS:

Edwin Gingerich
48275 N. Pine Lake Rd.
Gonvick, MN 56644
218-487-6045

Aaron Mast
218-556-2757

TERMS: Cash or Good Check - WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REJECT ANY ITEMS OF POOR QUALITY

9:00 am sharp
Saturday, May 3rd, 2025

SUPER M WIDE FRONT TRACTOR

FRESH PRODUCE

BAKE SALE

Jellies & Jams ★ Maple Syrup

RGC

- NOT RESPONSIBLE -

- FOR ACCIDENTS -

FARMERS INDEPENDENT & CLEARWATER SHOPPER

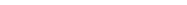
AREA OWNERS ONLINE AUCTION

16598 150th St NE Thief River Falls MN 56701

Online Bidding Starts Thurs. April 24th

Bidding Starts to Close Thurs. May 1st ~ 6 pm

For More Information Go To: mcmullenSales.hibid.com



Bagley 2024 Drinking Water Report

Making Safe Drinking Water

Making Safe Drinking Water

Your drinking water comes from a groundwater source: two wells ranging from 173 to 178 feet deep, that draw water from the Quaternary Buried Artesian aquifer.

Bagley works hard to provide you with safe and reliable drinking water that meets federal and state water quality requirements. The purpose of this report is to provide you with information on your drinking water and how to protect our precious water resources.

Contact Bill Masterson, Manager, at 218-556-7812 or bmasterson@bagleymn.us if you have questions about Bagley's drinking water. You can also ask for information about how you can take part in decisions that may affect water quality.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency sets safe drinking water standards. These standards limit the amounts of specific contaminants allowed in drinking water. This ensures that tap water is safe to drink for most people. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulates the amount of certain contaminants in bottled water. Bottled water must provide the same public health protection as public tap water.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Bagley Monitoring Results

This report contains our monitoring results from January 1 to December 31, 2024.

We work with the Minnesota Department of Health to test drinking water for more than 100 contaminants. It is not unusual to detect contaminants in small amounts. No water supply is ever completely free of contaminants. Drinking water standards protect Minnesotans from substances that may be harmful to their health.

Learn more by visiting the Minnesota Department of Health's webpage Basics of Monitoring and testing of Drinking Water in Minnesota (<https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/water/factsheet/sampling.html>).

How to Read the Water Quality Data Tables

The tables below show the contaminants we found last year or the most recent time we sampled for that contaminant. They also show the levels of those contaminants and the Environmental Protection Agency's limits. Substances that we tested for but did not find are not included in the tables.

We sample for some contaminants less than once a year because their levels in water are not expected

to change from year to year. If we found any of these contaminants the last time we sampled for them, we included them in the tables below with the detection date.

We may have done additional monitoring for contaminants that are not included in the Safe Drinking Water Act. To request a copy of these results, call the Minnesota Department of Health at 651-201-4700 between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Some contaminants are monitored regularly throughout the year, and rolling (or moving) annual averages are used to manage compliance. Because of this averaging, there are times where the Range of Detected Test Results for the calendar year is lower than the Highest Average or Highest Single Test Result, because it occurred in the previous calendar year.

Definitions

- AL (Action Level):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
- EPA: Environmental Protection Agency**
- MCL (Maximum contaminant level):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- MCLG (Maximum contaminant level goal):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- MRDL (Maximum residual disinfectant level):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- MRDLG (Maximum residual disinfectant level goal):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- N/A (Not applicable):** Does not apply.
- pCi/l (picocuries per liter):** A measure of radioactivity.
- ppb (parts per trillion):** One part per trillion is like one drop in one trillion drops of water, or about one drop in an Olympic sized swimming pool. ppb is the same as nanograms per liter (ng/l).
- ppb (parts per billion):** One part per billion in water is like one drop in one billion drops of water, or about one drop in a swimming pool. ppb is the same as micrograms per liter (µg/l).
- ppm (parts per million):** One part per million is like one drop in one million drops of water, or about one cup in a swimming pool. ppm is the

Potential Health Effects and Corrective Actions (If Applicable)

Fluoride: Fluoride is nature's cavity fighter, with small amounts present naturally in many drinking water sources. There is an overwhelming weight of credible, peer-reviewed, scientific evidence that fluoridation reduces tooth decay and cavities in children and adults, even when there is availability of fluoride from other sources, such as fluoride toothpaste and mouth rinses. Since studies show that optimal fluoride levels in drinking water benefit public health, municipal community water systems adjust the level of fluoride in the water to an optimal concentration between 0.5 to 0.9 parts per million (ppm) to protect your teeth. Fluoride levels below 2.0 ppm are not expected to increase the risk of a cosmetic condition known as enamel fluorosis.

Some People Are More Vulnerable to Contaminants in Drinking Water

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. The developing fetus and therefore pregnant women may also be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water. These people or their caregivers should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Learn More about Your Drinking Water Drinking Water Sources

Groundwater supplies 75 percent of Minnesota's drinking water, and found in aquifers beneath the surface of the land. Surface water supplies 25 percent of Minnesota's drinking water, and is the water in lakes, rivers, and streams above the surface of the land..

Contaminants can get in drinking water sources from the natural environment and from people's daily activities. There are five main types of contaminants in drinking water sources.

- Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses, bacteria, and parasites. Sources include sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, pets, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants** include salts and metals from natural sources (e.g. rock and soil), oil and gas production, mining and farming operations, urban stormwater runoff, and wastewater discharges.
- Pesticides and herbicides** are chemicals used to reduce or kill unwanted plants and pests. Sources include agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and commercial and residential properties.
- Organic chemical contaminants** include synthetic and volatile organic compounds. Sources include industrial processes and petroleum production, gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants** such as radium, thorium, and uranium isotopes come from natural sources (e.g. radon gas from soils and rock), mining operations, and oil and gas production.

The Minnesota Department of Health provides information about your drinking water source(s) in a source water assessment, including:

- How Bagley is protecting your drinking water source(s);
- Nearby threats to your drinking water sources;
- How easily water and pollution can move from the surface of the land into drinking water sources, based on natural geology and the way wells are constructed.

Find your source water assessment at Source Water Assessments (<https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/water/swp/swa>) or call 651-201-4700 between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Lead in Drinking Water

You may be in contact with lead through paint, water, dust, soil, food, hobbies, or your job. Coming in contact with lead can cause serious health problems for everyone. There is no safe level of lead. Babies, children under six years, and pregnant women are at the highest risk.

Lead is rarely in a drinking water source, but it can get in your drinking water as it passes through lead service lines and your household plumbing system. Bagley is responsible for providing high

Help Protect Our Most Precious Resource – Water

The Value of Water

Drinking water is a precious resource, yet we often take it for granted.

Throughout history, civilizations have risen and fallen based on access to a plentiful, safe water supply.

That's still the case today. Water is key to healthy people and healthy communities.

Water is also vital to our economy. We need water for manufacturing, agriculture, energy production, and more. One-fifth of the U.S. economy would come to a stop without a reliable and clean source of water.

Systems are in place to provide you with safe drinking water. The state of Minnesota and local water systems work to protect drinking water sources. For example, we might work to seal an unused well to prevent contamination of the groundwater. We treat water to remove harmful contaminants. And we do extensive testing to ensure the safety of drinking water.

If we detect a problem, we take corrective action and notify the public. Water from a public water system like yours is tested more thoroughly and regulated more closely than water from any other source, including bottled water.

Conservation

Conservation is essential, even in the land of 10,000 lakes. For example, in parts of the metropolitan area, groundwater is being used faster than it can be replaced. Some agricultural regions in Minnesota are vulnerable to drought, which can affect crop yields and municipal water supplies.

We must use our water wisely. Below are some tips to help you and your family conserve – and save money in the process.

- Fix running toilets—they can waste hundreds of gallons of water.
- Turn off the tap while shaving or brushing your teeth.
- Shower instead of bathe. Bathing uses more water than showering, on average.
- Only run full loads of laundry, and set the washing machine to the correct water level.
- Only run the dishwasher when it's full.
- Use water-efficient appliances (look for the WaterSense label).
- Use water-friendly landscaping, such as native plants.
- When you do water your yard, water slowly, deeply, and less frequently. Water early in the morning and close to the ground.
- Learn more
 - Minnesota Pollution Control Agency's Conserving Water webpage (<https://www.pca.state.mn.us/living-green/conserving-water>)
 - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's WaterSense webpage (<https://www.epa.gov/watersense>)



- Your drinking water is treated to [e.g. disinfect against microbes, add fluoride, prevent corrosion of lead and copper, remove iron and manganese, remove hardness, improve taste].
- [Number] gallons of water is available in storage for system capacity [and helping to maintain pressure with water towers].
- We have [number] miles of water mains that move finished drinking water from our [well(s)] or treatment plant(s) to your home.

Total HAA refers to HAAs

OTHER SUBSTANCES – Tested in drinking water.

Substance (Date, if sampled in previous year)	EPA's Ideal Goal (MCLG or MRDLG)	EPA's Limit (MCL or MRDL)	Highest Average or Highest Single Test Result	Range of Detected Test Results	Violation	Typical Sources
Fluoride	4.0 ppm	4.0 ppm	0.82 ppm	0.64 - 0.85 ppm	NO	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive to promote strong teeth.

UNREGULATED/EMERGING CONTAMINANTS – Tested in drinking water.

Contaminant	Comparison Value	Highest Average Result or Highest Single Test Result	Range of Detected Test Results
Sodium* (2022)	20 ppm	15.6 ppm	N/A

*Note that home water softening can increase the level of sodium in your water.

quality drinking water, but it cannot control the plumbing materials used in private buildings.

Read below to learn how you can protect yourself from lead in drinking water.

- Let the water run** before drinking tap water flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap. If you have a lead service line, you may need to let the water run longer. A service line is the underground pipe that brings water from the main water pipe under the street to your home.
- Activities such as taking a shower, doing laundry or dishes help keep water moving in your home system but are not a replacement for running the tap before you drink if it has not been used for a long period of time.
- The only way to know if lead has been reduced by letting it run is to check with a test. If letting the water run does not reduce lead, consider other options to reduce your exposure.

- Know your service line** materials by contacting your public water system, or you can search for your address online at the Minnesota Lead Inventory Tracking Tool (<https://maps.umn.edu/LSL>).
- Protect Your Tap:** A quick check for lead (<https://www.epa.gov/ground-water-and-drinking-water/protect-your-tap-quick-check-lead>) is EPA's step by step guide to learn how to find lead pipes in your home.
- Use cold water** for drinking, making food, and making baby formula. Hot water releases more lead from pipes than cold water.
- Test your water.** In most cases, letting the water run and using cold water for drinking and cooking should keep lead levels low in your drinking water. If you are still concerned about lead, arrange with a laboratory to test your tap water. Testing your water is important if young children or pregnant women drink your tap water.

- Contact a Minnesota Department of Health accredited laboratory to get a sample container and instructions on how to submit a sample: Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (<https://eldo.web.health.state.mn.us/public/accreditedlabs/labsearch.seam>) The Minnesota Department of Health can help you understand your test results.
- Treat your water** if a test shows your water has high levels of lead after you let the water run. You can use a filter certified with ANSI/NSF standards 53 and 42 for lead reduction.
- Read about water treatment units: **Point-of-Use Water Treatment Units for Lead Reduction** (<https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/water/factsheet/poulead.html>)

Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and other steps you can take to minimize exposure are available at:

- Visit EPA Basic Information about Lead in Drinking Water (<https://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>)
- Visit the Minnesota department of Health Lead in Drinking Water (<https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/water/contaminants/lead.html>)
- To learn about how to reduce your contact with lead from sources other than your drinking water, visit Lead Poisoning Prevention: Common Sources (<https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/lead/fs/common.html>)
- Be Aware:** Head Start Programs, Child Care Centers, Public and Charter Schools all have requirements to test for lead in drinking water. These programs can learn more about requirements and resources for testing and remediation at MDH Drinking Water in Schools and Child Cares (<https://www.web.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/water/schools/index.html>)

Service Line Material Inventory

Bagley has completed and submitted our service line materials inventory to the Minnesota Department of Health. The service line inventory is publicly available, and you can check the materials for your service line by visiting the Lead Inventory Tracking Tool (LITT) (<https://maps.umn.edu/LSL>). You may also contact us at <Insert Contact Information>. To complete the service line inventory, our system <insert a general description of how the system determined the status of service lines>. As of 08/15/2024, our inventory contains 0 lead, 24 galvanized requiring replacement, 148 unknown material, and 467 non-lead service lines.

Precious Resource – Water

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